Scope; Authority; Principles of Group Responsibility; Violations of Law and Organizational Rules of Conduct Violations; Definitions; Student Organizational Conduct Records

1. Scope

(a) The organizational conduct regulations (UCF-5.011, 5.012, and 5.013) shall apply to all student organizations of the University, including those at its regional campuses and/or at off campus instructional sites, and shall be deemed a part of the terms and conditions of student organization registration. The right of all students to seek knowledge, debate ideas, form opinions, and freely express their ideas is fully recognized by the University of Central Florida, including when students come together as student organizations. The Organizational Rules of Conduct, set out below, apply to student organization conduct and will not be used to impose discipline for the lawful expression of ideas. Specific restrictions on time and place of meetings and assemblies are found in other University regulations or policies.

(b) The Organizational Rules of Conduct apply to all student organizations for conduct that occurs:
   1. on University premises; or
   2. during or while participating in University and/or organization sponsored or related activities; or
   3. during school sessions, holidays, breaks, and university closures; or
   4. against students or non-students.

(c) The University may take action against a student organization for off-campus conduct if the conduct is specifically prohibited by law or the Organizational Rules of Conduct; or if the conduct poses (or demonstrates that the student organization’s continued recognition at the University poses) a danger to the health, safety or welfare of the University community; or if the conduct is disruptive to the orderly processes and functions of the University.

2. Authority

(a) The Florida Board of Governors Regulation 6.0105 requires each university to establish a Student Disciplinary System, including a code of conduct, to apply to student organizational disciplinary proceedings.
These regulations shall ensure a fair and impartial process in student organizational disciplinary proceedings and guarantee the integrity of the University.

Generally, authority necessary to enforce the organizational student conduct regulations is vested in the Vice President for Student Development and Enrollment Services or designee. Selected functions of this authority are shared with faculty, staff and students. Some functions of student conduct administration are assisted through review boards.

3. Definitions

(a) The term “Advisor” refers to the one person of the charged student organization’s choice who may assist and/or accompany the charged student organization throughout the Student Organization Conduct Review Process. An Advisor shall not speak for or present the case on behalf of the charged student organization.

(b) The term “Charged Student Organization” means any student organization that is charged with a violation of the Organizational Rules of Conduct.

(c) The term “Director of the OSRR” refers to the Director of the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities.

(d) The term “Disciplinary Sanction Review Committee” is composed of an equal number of faculty/staff and students appointed by the Director of the OSRR or designee to review the disciplinary probation/suspension status of a student organization.

(e) The term “Off Campus” refers to any location not defined as University premises.

(f) The term “Preponderance of Evidence” means that evidence, considered as a whole, shows that the fact sought to be proved is more probable than not. This is the standard used in resolving all disciplinary cases within the Student Conduct Review Process.

(g) The term “Sanction” refers to outcome(s) imposed on student organizations found in violation of the Organizational Rules of Conduct.

(h) The term “Student” means any person continuously enrolled in one or more classes at the University, either full time or part time, including study abroad, pursuing undergraduate, graduate or professional studies either degree seeking or non-degree seeking. Persons who withdraw after allegedly violating the Rules of
Conduct, or who are not officially enrolled for a particular academic term but who have a continuing relationship with the University, or who have been notified of their acceptance for admission are considered “students.”

(i) The term “Student Conduct Board” means any person or persons authorized by the Director of the OSRR or designee to gather information and make proposed findings regarding whether a student organization has violated the Organizational Rules of Conduct and to propose sanctions that may be imposed. Board members are selected through an annual application and interview process with the exception of the justices from the Student Government Association Judicial Council. All Student Conduct Board members, including justices, receive extensive training from the Office of Student Conduct.

(j) The term “University” means the University of Central Florida.

(k) The term “University Community” refers, collectively and individually, to students, student organizations, University officials, Trustees, and all visitors, contractors and guests to the University or any of its campuses, facilities or events.

(l) The term “University Official” is any person employed by the University (i.e. faculty, staff, administration, and residence hall staff) acting within the scope of their job duties.

(m) The term “University Premises” includes all land, buildings, facilities, and other properties in the possession of or owned, used, or controlled by the University.

(n) The term “VP of SDES” refers to the Vice President of Student Development and Enrollment Services.

(o) The term “Witness” refers to an individual who is in the proximity of an incident and viewed the actions of said incident or who has relevant information about a given incident or actions related to a specific incident.

4. Principles of Group Responsibility

(a) Any student organization can be held responsible for its actions or the actions of one or more of its members (active or inactive). There is no minimum number of group members who must be involved in an incident before disciplinary action may be taken against the organization. In some instances, the conduct of a single member may provide sufficient grounds for action
against the entire organization. Misconduct on the part of the organization may be addressed when:

1. Members of the organization act together to violate University standards of conduct;
2. One or more officers or members of an organization have knowledge of an incident, behavior, etc. by any individual or group and fails to take corrective or prohibitive action before such incident, behavior, etc. occurs or fails to stop such incident, behavior, etc. while it is occurring;
3. A violation occurs on premises and/or transportation owned, operated, or rented exclusively by the student organization;
4. A pattern of individual violations has occurred and/or continues to occur without adequate control, response, or sanction on the part of the student organization or its leaders;
5. The student organization or related activities provided the context for the violation;
6. The student organization chooses to protect one or more individual offenders who are members, alumni, former members, or guests of the student organization from official actions.

5. Alcohol Emergencies. The University of Central Florida highly encourages student organizations to call for medical assistance whenever an individual experiences severe intoxication or serious injury after consuming alcohol. Student organizations may be reluctant to call for help for themselves or others due to potential involvement from the UCF Police Department or the Office of Student Conduct. Due to the serious or life-threatening nature of these medical emergencies, the University of Central Florida urges student organizations to contact emergency medical services or the UCF police department if alcohol-related medical emergencies arise. The university’s primary goal is to create a safe environment for its student organizations. Procedures and expectations regarding these incidents have been outlined in the Organizational Rules of Conduct Alcohol Related Misconduct UCF-5.012(6)(g) section.

6. Violations of Law and Rule of Conduct Violations. Students who commit offenses against the laws of municipalities, states, or the United States are subject to prosecution by those authorities and may be subject to disciplinary action by the University when their conduct violates institutional standards. Students shall not be forced to present self-incriminating evidence; however, the University is not required to postpone disciplinary proceedings pending
the outcome of any civil or criminal case. The Student Organizational Rules of conduct process is not a criminal or judicial proceeding and is designed to address student organization behavior as outlined in the Principles of Group Responsibility, above; therefore, alleged violations of the Organizational Rules of Conduct will be addressed independently of any penalty imposed by the courts for the criminal offense.

7. Student Organizational Conduct Records
   (a) Maintenance of Records. A student organizational conduct case record will be maintained in the Office of Student Conduct. The case record of a student organization found responsible for charge(s) against them, with sanctions less than suspension or revocation, will generally be maintained in the Office of Student Conduct for seven years from the calendar year of record, after which they are destroyed. The case record of a student organization that has been suspended or whose registration has been revoked will be permanently maintained by the Office of Student Conduct.
   (b) Release of Records. The release of student organization disciplinary records will be governed by applicable federal and state laws regarding the privacy of educational records.
UCF-5.012  Organizational Rules of Conduct

Student organizations are expected to abide by these Organizational Rules of Conduct at all times, whether on or off campus. These rules should be read broadly and are not intended to define prohibited conduct in exhaustive terms. These rules may be revised during the year; announcements will be made on adoption of changes or additions. The right of all students to seek knowledge, debate ideas, form opinions, and freely express their ideas is fully recognized by the University of Central Florida, including when students come together as student organizations. The Organizational Rules of Conduct, set out below, apply to student organization conduct and will not be used to impose discipline for the lawful expression of ideas. The following is a non-exhaustive list of prohibited conduct for which disciplinary action may be taken at the University of Central Florida. The following offenses, or the aiding, assisting, condoning, or attempting to commit these offenses, constitute violations of the Organizational Rules of Conduct.

1. Theft, Disregard for Property
   (a) Malicious or unwarranted damage or destruction of another's property.
   (b) Taking, attempting to take, or keeping in its possession property or services not belonging to the student organization.
   (c) Misuse or mishandling of organizational funds by any officer, member, or other individual.

2. Possessing and/or Providing False and Misleading Information and/or Falsification of University Records
   (a) Withholding related information, or furnishing false, misleading, incomplete, or incorrect information (oral or written) to University officials, non-university law enforcement officers, faculty or staff or failing to take reasonable action to present accurate information to University officials, non-University law enforcement officers, faculty or staff.
   (b) Possession, use or attempted use of any form of fraudulent identification.
   (c) Forgery, alteration or misuse of any University document, material, file, record or instrument of identification.
(d) Deliberately and purposefully providing false or misleading verbal or written information about another person.
(e) Falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation of information during the Student Conduct Review Process, including knowingly initiating a false complaint

3. Disruptive Conduct
(a) An act that impairs, interferes with, or obstructs the orderly conduct, processes, and functions of the University or any part thereof or the rights of other members of the University community.
(b) Obstructing the free movement of other students around the campus, interfering with the use of University facilities, preventing the normal operation of the University; or conducting any event that interferes with the normal progress of academic events on campus.
(c) Engaging in obscene or indecent conduct.
(d) Failure to comply with the administrative policies as enacted by the University.
(e) Failure to comply with the directions of University officials or authorized agents acting in the performance of their duties. Student organization officers and members shall comply with all directions or requests of University officials, University police officers or authorized agents in a timely manner.
(f) Hindering or interfering with the Organizational Conduct Review Process by failing to obey the notice from a University official to appear for a student conduct meeting or formal hearing and/or attempting to discourage an individual’s proper participating in, or use of, the Organizational Conduct Review Process.
(g) Failure to comply with the student organization’s constitution and/or bylaws.
(h) Knowingly participating in an event or participating in an event and failing to take reasonable actions to determine that the student organization is currently on organizational probation with restrictive conditions, is on organizational suspension or has had their UCF registration revoked.

4. Harmful Behavior
(a) Physical violence towards another person or group.
(b) Harassment: defined as conduct (including written or electronic communication) based on a protected category (such as race, color, religion, national origin, gender identity, et al.) which, due to the severity and pervasiveness of the conduct and its targeted nature on the basis of a protected category, (i) has the purpose or effect of creating an objectively intimidating, hostile or offensive educational or work environment; and (ii) has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual’s schooling or employment with the University. Harassment under this provision is conduct (verbal or physical behavior) that would constitute harassment under federal or state civil rights laws or under University Regulation UCF-3.001.

(c) Bullying: defined as behavior (including written, visual, electronic or oral means) that is intentional and repeated, or meant to be done in humor or in jest, that results in the intimidation, injury, or distress of another individual physically, mentally, or socially. Bullying, however, is not speech or conduct otherwise protected by the First Amendment of the United States Constitution and any other applicable law.

(d) Verbal or written abuse, threats, intimidation, coercion and/or other conduct that endangers the health, safety or well-being of another person or group, or which would place a reasonable person in the victim’s position in fear of bodily injury or death. This definition, however, shall not be interpreted to abridge the rights of the University community to freedom of expression protected by the First Amendment of the United States Constitution and any other applicable law.

(f) Failure to respect the privacy of other individuals.

(f) Retaliation against or harassment of complainant(s) or other person(s) alleging misconduct.

(g) Condoning or encouraging acts of harmful behavior as defined above or failing to stop an act of harmful behavior while it is occurring.

5. Sexual Misconduct

(a) Any nonconsensual sexual conduct or attempted nonconsensual sexual conduct which occurs on or off the UCF campus.
1. Consent, to be valid, must be: freely and actively given; and in mutually understandable words or actions.

2. Consent to one form of sexual activity can never imply consent to other forms of sexual activity.

3. Consent is not the lack of resistance; there is no duty to fight off a sexual aggressor.

4. Consent can be withdrawn at any time, as long as the withdrawal is clearly communicated by the person withdrawing consent through words or actions.

5. A person shall not knowingly take advantage of another person who is under 18 years of age, mentally defective, under the influence of prescribed medication, alcohol or other chemical drugs, or who is not conscious or awake, and thus is not able to give consent as defined above. Further, a person shall not physically or verbally coerce another person to engage in any form of sexual conduct, to the end that consent as defined above is not given.

(b) Sexual Harassment: defined as conduct (verbal or physical) of a sexual nature that, due to the severity and pervasiveness of the conduct and the targeted nature of the conduct on the basis of sex, creates an objectively intimidating, hostile, or offensive campus, educational, or working environment for another person. This definition also applies to unwanted, unwelcome, inappropriate, or irrelevant sexual or gender-based activities, sexual advances, or requests for sexual favors, when (i) submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of a student’s academic or extracurricular participation, or employment; or (ii) submission to or rejection of such conduct or request is used as the basis for employment decisions or to determine participation in academic or extracurricular activities. Sexual harassment under this provision is conduct (verbal or physical behavior) that would constitute sexual harassment under federal or state civil rights laws or under University Regulation UCF-3.001.
Obscene or indecent behavior, which includes, but is not limited to, exposure of one’s sexual organs or the lewd display of sexual behavior.

Sexual stimulation sought through trespass, spy or eavesdropping activities.

Attempting to commit by solicitation sexual acts with a minor by oral, written, or electronic means.

Condoning or encouraging acts of sexual misconduct as defined above or failing to stop an act of sexual misconduct while it is occurring.

Any attempted acts of sexual misconduct are also violations of this policy.

Note: See provisions for victim/survivor acts of sexual misconduct in section UCF-5.006i under Student Rights. See F.S.S. 784.046 for definitions of Florida State Statutes www.leg.state.fl.us/Statutes/.

6. Alcohol Related Misconduct

(a) Use and/or possession of alcoholic beverages, except as expressly permitted by law and University regulations/policies.

(b) Sale and/or distribution of alcoholic beverages, except as expressly permitted by the law and University regulations/policies.

(c) Furnishing or causing to be furnished any alcoholic beverage to any person under the legal drinking age.

(d) Behavior under the influence of alcohol.

(e) Furnishing or causing to be furnished any alcoholic beverage to any person in a state of noticeable intoxication.

(f) Failure of a student organization to take all necessary steps to see that no person under the legal drinking age possesses alcoholic beverages at functions it sponsors or within any property or transportation it owns, operates, and/or rents.

NOTE: Alcohol Emergencies- University Expectations for Student Organizations

Student organizations may be eligible for exemptions from disciplinary action when a representative of an organization at a student organizational event calls for emergency assistance on behalf of a person experiencing an alcohol related emergency. Student organizations that seek medical assistance for alcohol
emergencies may receive exemption for violations of the Organizational Rules of Conduct Section 6 subsections a through f; however, exemption for other Organizational Rule of Conduct violations may not be granted. Student organizations may be eligible for this exemption on a case by case basis at the discretion of the Director of the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities. Additional information regarding alcohol emergencies can be found at the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities website: http://osrr.sdes.ucf.edu.

7. Drug Related Misconduct
   (a) Possessing, consuming, or attempting to possess cannabis in any amount except as expressly permitted by law.
   (b) Cultivating, manufacturing, or attempting to obtain cannabis in any amount, except as expressly permitted by law.
   (c) Possessing, consuming, cultivating, manufacturing, or attempting to possess any controlled substances other than alcohol or cannabis, except as expressly permitted by law.
   (d) Selling or distributing cannabis or any other controlled substances and related paraphernalia, other than alcohol and alcohol-related paraphernalia, except as expressly permitted by law.
   (e) Possessing or attempting to possess any drug related paraphernalia, other than alcohol-related paraphernalia, except as expressly permitted by law.
   (f) Misconduct under the influence of controlled substances other than alcohol.

8. Unauthorized Entry
Unauthorized entry, attempted entry, or loitering in private or restricted areas that are owned and/or operated by the University.

9. Gambling
   (a) Play or sponsor of an unlawful game of chance for money or for anything of value on University premises or at any affair sponsored by a student organization.
(b) Unlawful sale, barter, or disposition of a ticket, order, or any interest in a scheme of chance by whatever name on University premises or at any activity sponsored by a student organization.

(c) Wagering on a University team or organization in a competition, with or without intent to have a direct influence in the success of the competition.

10. Hazing

The University does not condone hazing in any form and defines hazing to include but not limited to:

(a) Any action or situation which recklessly or intentionally endangers the mental or physical health and/or safety of a student for the purpose of initiation or admission into, or association with, any organization. Hazing may result in felony charges.

(b) Brutality of a physical nature such as whipping, beating, branding, forced calisthenics, exposure to the elements; forced consumption of any food, liquor, liquid, drug, or other substances; or other forced elements; or other forced activity which could adversely affect the mental or physical health or safety of the individual.

(c) Any activity that could subject the individual to mental or physical stress such as sleep deprivation, forced exclusion from social contact, forced contact which could result in embarrassment, or any other activity that could adversely affect the mental or physical health or dignity of the individual.

(d) Forcing or requiring the violation of University policies, federal, state, or local law.

(e) Any activity, as described above, upon which the initiation or admission into or association with a student organization may be directly or indirectly conditioned, shall be presumed to be a "forced" activity, the willingness of an individual to participate in such an activity notwithstanding.
11. **Outstanding Debt**

Failure to pay on and off campus vendors in a timely manner. Groups shall not knowingly enter into purchase or rental agreements that are beyond the resources of the organization’s ability to pay. The University will not cover outstanding debts of student organizations.

12. **Use of Facilities**

Failure to comply with University regulations and procedures for campus events and/or use of campus facilities or grounds. Those individuals acting on behalf of an organization that reserve facilities should check with the University department or office responsible for the facility to guarantee that all procedures have been followed.

13. **Fire Safety and Sanitation**

(a) Tampering with or damage to fire safety equipment.
(b) Causing, condoning, or encouraging the creation of any situation involving incendiary or other chemicals or substances, explosives, or fire that reasonably may result in danger to another’s person or property.
(c) Possession or use of illegal fireworks, incendiary devices, or dangerous explosives.
(d) Failure to properly maintain a student organization's facilities or property (or surrounding property) such that a potential danger to the health and safety of the occupants or members of the University and surrounding community is created.

14. **Advertising**

(a) Origination or circulation of any advertising media that contains matter that violates federal, state and/or local laws.
(b) Origination or circulation of any advertising media containing false or misleading information or obscene language or patently offensive material.

15. **Solicitation and Fundraising**

Failure to comply with applicable law and University regulations and procedures for solicitation and fundraising activities on campus.
16. University Wordmark Violations
Unauthorized use of the University's name, abbreviation, trademarks or wordmarks, including the Pegasus, monograms, seal, or other graphic identity symbols. The phrases "UCF" or "University of Central Florida" (or some form thereof) cannot precede the title of the organization. This section refers to but is not limited to, the student organization’s: domain name, web address, promotional materials, and uniforms/shirts.

17. Academic Misconduct
(a) Unauthorized academic assistance: Using or attempting to use unauthorized materials, information or study aids in any academic exercise unless specifically authorized by the instructor of record. The unauthorized possession of examination or course-related material also constitutes cheating.
(b) The unauthorized possession of examination or course related material.
(c) Commercial Use of Academic Material: Selling notes, handouts, etc. without authorization or using them for any commercial purpose without the express written permission of the University and the Instructor.
(d) Knowingly helping any student violate academic behavior standards.

18. Violation of Local, State, and/or Federal Laws
Violation of any local, state and/or federal law that may result in a felony or misdemeanor.
UCF-5.013 Organization Conduct Review Process; Sanctions; Appeals

1. Violation Reports

(a) Alleged violations of the UCF Organizational Rules of Conduct shall be reported in writing to the Director of the OSRR or designee. Upon receiving an incident report, the Director of the OSRR or designee may review relevant information and consult with relevant parties regarding the incident in question. In unusual cases, which dictate a decision for the health and safety of any individual, the student body, or any part of the University or its community, the Director of the OSRR or designee, upon notifying the VP of SDES, may take immediate action to resolve the situation by placing the student organization on interim suspension. Such action is subject to review at a hearing within ten (10) business days by the VP of SDES or designee to determine the status of the interim suspension. The outcome of an interim suspension hearing shall remain in effect until the final disposition of formal charges resulting from the circumstances of the case, unless the VP of SDES or designee shall decide otherwise.

(b) The Director of the OSRR or designee will refer all information warranting disciplinary action to the Office of Student Conduct. The Office of Student Conduct will send written notification to the chief officer of the student organization at their UCF mailing address indicating the nature of the activity in question and what Organizational Rules of Conduct were allegedly violated. The chief officer of the student organization shall serve as the organization’s representative in the organization conduct review process. The student organization may not designate an advisor as their representative in the conduct review process.

(c) Upon receipt of an incident report the Office of Student Conduct has six months to charge a student organization with a violation of the Organizational Rules of Conduct. The Office of Student Conduct may exercise discretion when applying the time provision to account for circumstances that warrant a waiver of the six month time limit from the date the violation report was filed.

(d) A student organization charged with alleged violations of the Organizational Rules of Conduct (see UCF-5.012) will receive notice to attend a mandatory preliminary conference with the Office of Student Conduct. If the student organization fails to attend the mandatory preliminary conference without providing a satisfactory reason
for the absence, the student organization may be placed on immediate social probation until such time as the student organization completes the mandatory preliminary conference. During the mandatory preliminary conference the student organization will receive information regarding the Student Organization Conduct Review Process, including the student organization’s rights during the process; an opportunity to inspect and/or review the information known at the time charges were prepared and how to contact the Student Government Association Judicial Advisor. At the conclusion of the mandatory preliminary conference, one of the following will occur: case dismissal, mediation, informal hearing, or formal hearing.

(e) Social probation includes but is not limited to the prohibition of the following: any on or off campus fundraisers, socials, intramural competitions, receptions, service projects, conferences, retreats, etc. The organization may also not be able to update its registration until such time that it appears before a hearing. Groups under social probation may gather at regularly scheduled business meetings.

2. Options for Resolution of Disciplinary Charges

(a) Case Dismissal: The Director of OSRR or designee may dismiss a case if it is found to not have sufficient facts or evidence to substantiate the claim of misconduct or the misconduct is not a violation of the organizational rules of conduct.

(b) Mediation: Depending on the nature and severity of the alleged violation, the Office of Student Conduct may recommend formal mediation through the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities as an alternative to disciplinary action. The involved parties must each agree to mediation. Mediation is a confidential process where the parties voluntarily meet with an impartial mediator to communicate their concerns and needs to each other and to reach their own agreement on the resolution of the case. The participants in mediation are responsible for keeping their agreement or renegotiating it, if necessary. In the event that the participants do not agree to mediate or mediate but do not reach a full and final resolution, the case will be referred back to the Office of Student Conduct for disciplinary action through an informal or a formal hearing. Breach of a mediated agreement may result in a follow up mediation session or the matter may be referred back through the conduct process at the discretion of the Office of Student Conduct.
(c) Informal Hearing: At the discretion of the Office of Student Conduct, violations found not to warrant a formal hearing may be referred to an informal hearing. At the informal hearing the charged student organization has the opportunity to meet with an Office of Student Conduct staff member and accept responsibility for the charges of violation of the Organizational Rules of Conduct. At the informal level the matter will be settled by the following outcomes: punitive sanction (warning, probation, or restrictive probation) as well as educational requirements (papers, seminars, community service, etc.). If the matter is not settled informally, the case will be resolved through a formal hearing.

(d) Formal Hearing: If an alleged violation of the Organizational Rules of Conduct is not dismissed or otherwise resolved, then the Office of Student Conduct shall present in writing formal charges to the student organization. The charged student organization may request either a panel or administrative hearing. The charged student organization’s hearing shall only be open to the charged student organization’s chief officer, their advisor, the hearing body, witnesses (when called upon), a representative from the Office of Student Conduct, and a university staff member from an appropriate office (Office of Student Involvement, Office of Fraternity and Sorority Life, Recreation and Wellness Center, etc.).

3. Formal Hearings

There are two types of formal hearings – panel hearings and administrative hearings.

(a) Panel Hearings.

1. A panel to consider an organizational case shall be comprised of members from the Office of Student Conduct Student Conduct Board. The panel shall consist of two (2) faculty and administrative staff members combined and two (2) student members that have been trained by the Office of Student Conduct to hear organizational cases. One panel member shall be selected by the Office of Student Conduct to chair the hearing and report the proposed finding(s) and sanction(s), if any, to the Director of the OSRR or designee.

2. At hearings conducted by a panel, an Office of Student Conduct staff member shall act as an advisor to the panel. The Director of the OSRR or designee shall receive the panel’s proposed finding(s) as to "in violation" or "not in violation" of
the Organizational Rules of Conduct and consider any sanctions proposed by the panel.

3. The Director of the OSRR or designee may accept the proposed finding(s) of “in violation” or “not in violation” or remand the case for rehearing. If the Director of the OSRR or designee accepts the proposed finding of “in violation,” they may approve, mitigate or increase the sanctions proposed by the panel.

4. Any decision by the Director of the OSRR or designee to alter sanctions or return a case shall be accompanied by a concise and explicit written statement that explains the basis for that decision.

(b) Administrative Hearings

1. Administrative hearings shall be conducted by a faculty or staff member from the Student Conduct Board trained by the Office of Student Conduct to hear organizational cases. The charged student organization shall be informed of the hearing officer assigned to its case and shall have the opportunity to challenge the impartiality of the individual within three (3) business days of notification. The charged student organization shall state in writing the basis for such challenge. A hearing officer so challenged will be excused; however, indiscriminate challenges shall not be permitted. In the event that a charged student organization has opted not to challenge the impartiality of a hearing officer prior to the allotted three (3) business days, the assigned hearing officer shall remain as scheduled.

2. At hearings conducted by an administrative hearing officer, an Office of Student Conduct staff member shall act as an advisor to the administrative hearing officer. The Director of the OSRR or designee shall receive the administrative hearing officer’s proposed finding(s) as to "in violation" or "not in violation" of the Organizational Rules of Conduct, and consider any sanctions proposed by the administrative hearing officer.

3. The Director of the OSRR or designee may accept the proposed finding(s) of “in violation” or “not in violation” or remand the case for rehearing. If the Director of the OSRR or designee accepts the proposed finding(s) of “in violation,” they may approve, mitigate or increase the sanctions proposed by the administrative hearing officer.
4. Any decision by the Director of the OSRR or designee to alter sanctions or return a case shall be accompanied by a concise and explicit written statement that explains the basis for that decision.

(c) Conduct of Formal Hearings

The following is furnished as a guide to the events in a formal hearing. Please note that all formal hearing proceedings are recorded. The recording is part of the official record of the hearing and no other recordings are permitted.

1. Reading of charges.
2. Student organization response of “in violation” or “not in violation.”
3. Presentation of information in support of the charges.
4. Opening statement by the charged student organization.
5. Questioning of the charged student organization by the hearing body.
6. Presentation and questioning of witnesses in support of the charges.
7. Presentation and questioning of witnesses by the charged student organization.
8. Final questions of the charged student organization by the hearing body.
9. Closing remarks by the charged student organization.
10. Hearing is brought to a close; the student organization is invited to await announcement of the proposed finding(s) and recommended sanction(s), if any.

(d) Deliberations by the panel or the administrative hearing officer are not part of the hearing and are confidential. Deliberations occur after the closure of the hearing and are not recorded. Following deliberations, the panel or the administrative hearing officer will announce to the student the finding(s) and recommended sanction(s), if any. The announcement of the finding(s) and recommended sanction(s), if any, will be recorded as part of the official case record.

(e) Case Record for Formal Hearing - The case record shall consist of the following items:

1. A copy of the formal charges in writing.
2. A recording of the formal hearing.
3. A recording of the announcement of the proposed finding(s) and proposed sanctions, if any.
4. All staff memoranda submitted.
5. All items of physical or written documentation submitted, provided such items are not returned to a rightful owner. In that case, photographs or other facsimiles shall be made before return.

6. The finding(s) and recommended sanction(s), if any, by the hearing panel or administrator.

7. The Director of the OSRR’s or designee’s decision.

4. Student Organization Rights during the Formal Hearing Process. The following rights shall be explained to the charged student organization before the commencement of a formal hearing:

   (a) The charged student organization shall be afforded written notice, at least five (5) business days prior to a formal hearing, unless waived in writing. Written notice sent to the chief student officer of the charged student organization’s electronic and/or physical address shall constitute full and adequate notice. Written notice shall include:

   1. The name of the organization, the chief student officer’s name and organization’s address, if applicable
   2. Date, time and location of the formal hearing
   3. Alleged Organizational Rule of Conduct Violation(s) known at the time formal charges are prepared
   4. Names of potential witnesses known at the time that formal charges are prepared
   5. A description of any physical or written documentation known at the time charges are prepared

   Provided that the required notice stated above has been given to the student organization along with its representative(s) but a representative failed to attend a scheduled formal hearing without providing a satisfactory reason for the absence, the organization may be placed on immediate social probation until such time as the organization completes the formal hearing and any further steps in the conduct process. The organization will also not be able to update its registration while on social probation.

   (b) The student organization may have at their own expense and initiative, an advisor present at the hearing. It is the student organization’s responsibility to make appropriate arrangements for the advisor to attend the hearing, and the hearing shall
not be delayed due to scheduling conflicts of the chosen advisor. The advisor may be present to advise the student organization but shall not speak for or present the case for the student organization or otherwise participate directly in the proceeding. A student organization may consult with their advisor at any time during the hearing. This consultation must take place in a manner that does not disrupt the proceedings. A student organization’s advisor must not be connected to the actual conduct case or a related case. In addition, an advisor may not serve as a witness. If the advisor does not adhere to their defined role in the student conduct review process, they may be removed from the hearing. The Office of Student Conduct shall maintain a list of impartial advisors and resources available to the student organization.

(c) All formal hearings shall be conducted on the basis that the charged student organization is not in violation until the preponderance of evidence proves otherwise. At a student conduct organizational hearing, the technical rules of evidence applicable to civil and criminal cases shall not apply. The burden of proof in a student conduct hearing is not on the student organization charged with a violation of the Organizational Rules of Conduct.

(d) The student organization's chief officer may inspect any information presented in support of the charges at least three (3) business days before the formal hearing. Information may be presented in support of the charged student organization. The University also has the right to review any information the student organization intends to use at least three (3) business days before the formal hearing.

(e) The University cannot compel any person to attend a student organizational hearing. However, all parties to a student organizational formal hearing may arrange for witnesses to voluntarily present relevant information during the proceeding. Pertinent information may be accepted as information for consideration by the person or body conducting the student organizational formal hearing. The student organization may hear and question adverse witnesses who testify at the student organizational formal hearing.

(f) The student organization shall not be forced to present information that incriminates its individual members; however, the University is not required to postpone disciplinary proceedings pending the outcome of any civil or criminal case.
(g) The proposed finding(s), as well as the Director of the OSRR’s or designee’s determination, of "in violation" or "not in violation" on the charges shall be based solely on the information presented at the student organizational formal hearing.

(h) Should the proposed finding(s) of the hearing body be that the organization is in violation; prior conduct history that has occurred within three academic years of the incident will then be reviewed and may affect the proposed sanctions.

(i) The final decision shall be furnished in writing to the student organization within seven (7) business days following the hearing (the deadline can be extended by mutual agreement of the charged student organization and the Director of the OSRR or designee).

(j) The student organization's registration status shall remain unchanged pending the University's final decision in the matter except in cases where the VP of SDES or designee determines that the safety, health, or general welfare of any individual, or any part of the University may be involved.

5. Sanctions for Student Organizations

(a) Organizational Warning: An official warning that the organization's behavior is in violation of the Organizational Rules of Conduct and that if the organization is subsequently found in violation of a rule, subsequent action may be more severe.

(b) Organizational Probation: A period of time during which any further violation of the Organizational Rules of Conduct puts the student organization’s status with the University in jeopardy. Restrictive conditions may also be imposed as part of disciplinary probation and will vary according to the severity of the offense. Restrictive conditions may include barring or limiting some or all of the organization's activities and/or privileges (including, but not limited to: social activities; intramural competition; organizational competition; Homecoming; eligibility to receive any University award or honorary recognition; privilege to occupy a position of leadership or responsibility in any University student organization governing body, publication, or activity; or ability to represent the University in an official capacity or position). If a student organization is found “in violation” for another violation of the Organizational Rules of Conduct while on organizational probation, more severe sanctions may be imposed.
Organizational Suspension: A period of time in which the student organization loses its University recognition and/or registration. While on organizational suspension, the organization may not use University resources or facilities, including any on campus fraternity or sorority house. The organization may not participate in any University activities or events unless authorized, in writing, in advance, under conditions approved by the Director of OSRR or designee. The terms of suspension also include but are not limited to, hosting or participating in any on or off campus events, intramurals, socials, or mixers. The organization may not recruit or initiate any new members. While on suspension, the organization is only permitted to conduct meetings designed to work towards the completion of any educational sanctions. The organization must comply with all sanctions prior to being registered or recognized again.

Revocation of UCF Registration: Permanent severance of the organization's relationship with UCF.

Recommendation for Charter Revocation: An official request to a national office that the local chapter's charter be revoked.

Educational Sanctions: In conjunction with any sanction listed above, a student organization found to have been in violation of any of the Organizational Rules of Conduct will be assigned educational sanctions such as, but not limited to: reflective/research papers, classes/seminars, community service, restitution, interviews, etc. If a student organization has any outstanding educational sanctions at the conclusion of organizational probation or suspension, the organizational probation or suspension will remain in effect pending completion of the educational sanctions.

6. Appeal Within the Student Organization Review Process

(a) A student organization found in violation as a result of a hearing may appeal the finding(s) and sanction(s) imposed. The appeal must be made in writing to the Appellate Officer (VP of SDES or designee) within seven (7) business days after the date the student organization was notified of the decision by the Director of the OSRR or designee.

(b) Student organizations may appeal the finding(s) and sanction(s) imposed on the basis of one or more of the following:
1. Irregularities in fairness and stated procedures of the hearing that substantially affected the outcome of the hearing.
2. Discovery of new and significant information that would be likely to change the outcome of the hearing and that was not known or could not reasonably have been discovered and/or presented at the time of the initial hearing.
3. The sanction(s) are extraordinarily disproportionate to the violation(s).

(c) On the appeal form, the student organization must state the reason(s) for appeal, supporting facts, and the recommended solution. This is not a re-hearing of the conduct case. An appeal cannot be filed simply because a student organization is dissatisfied with the decision. Failure to describe the nature of the information in full detail in the appeal letter will result in the denial of an appeal.

(d) The Appellate Officer shall first determine if sufficient grounds for appeal exist and then, if so, may either deny the appeal, thus sustaining the initial decision and sanction(s), or do one of the following:
   1. If the student organization alleges that the sanction was disproportionate to the violation(s) and the appellate officer finds the sanction to be disproportionate, the appellate officer may reduce the sanction.
   2. If the student organization that there was a defect in procedure or new information was presented which was sufficiently substantial to have affected the outcome, the appellate officer will order a new hearing.

(e) The student organization shall receive a written decision to the appeal. There is no definitive timeline for receiving an appeal response. It depends on many factors including the complexity of the case and the information mentioned in the appeal, as well as the Appellate Officer's appeal load at that particular time. Decisions of the VP of SDES or designee reflect final agency action.

1. Appeals Within the Student Conduct Review Process-Victims

(a) Victims of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking may appeal the finding(s) and sanction(s) imposed of a student conduct formal hearing. The appeal must be made in writing to the Appellate Officer (VP of SDES or designee) within seven (7) business days after the date the victim was notified of the decision by the Director of
the OSRR or designee. The appeal form can be found at

http://osc.sdes.ucf.edu/resources.

(b) Victims may appeal the finding and sanction(s) imposed on the basis of one or more of the following:

1. Irregularities in fairness and stated procedures of the hearing that could have affected the outcome of the hearing.
2. Discovery of new and significant information that could have affected the outcome of the hearing and that was not known or could not reasonably have been discovered and/or presented at the time of the initial hearing.
3. The sanction(s) are extraordinarily disproportionate to the violation(s).

(c) On the appeal form, one must state the reason(s) for appeal, supporting facts, and the recommended solution. Failure to describe the nature of the information in full detail in the appeal letter will result in the denial of an appeal.

(d) The Appellate Officer shall first determine if sufficient grounds for appeal exist and then, if so, may either deny the appeal, thus sustaining the initial decision and sanction(s) or do one of the following:

1. If the victim alleges that the sanction was disproportionate to the violation(s) and the appellate officer finds the sanction to be disproportionate, the appellate officer may alter the sanction.
2. If the victim alleges that there was a defect in procedure or new information was presented which was sufficiently substantial to have affected the outcome, the appellate officer will order a new hearing.

(e) The victim and charged student organization shall receive a written decision to the appeal concurrently. There is no definitive timeline for receiving an appeal response. It depends on many factors including the complexity of the case and the information
mentioned in the appeal, as well as the Appellate Officer’s appeal load at that particular time. Decisions of the VP of SDES or designee reflect final agency action.

7. Student Organizational Sanction Review
   (a) Upon completion of one half of the organizational probation or organizational suspension (not applicable for one semester probation or suspensions) and upon completion of all educational sanctions/requirements, a student organization has the opportunity to request modification of their organizational probation or suspension status.
   (b) Requests must be submitted to the Director of the OSRR or designee via an online Student Organizational Sanction Review form that can be found at http://www.osc.sdes.ucf.edu. This request may only be submitted once a semester.
   (c) The request shall describe in detail how the organization has exceeded the basic requirements of their sanction(s). Fulfillment of the minimum requirements of sanctions will not be sufficient to warrant modification of a sanction.
   (d) A request for organizational sanction modification should include, but is not limited to, information such as the following:
      1. Positive change in organizational accountability and decision making.
      2. Proof of additional steps the student organization has taken to proactively address disciplinary matters.
      3. Proof of ongoing communication with appropriate university officials and personnel (i.e. Office of Student Involvement, Office of Fraternity and Sorority Life, Recreation and Wellness Center staff, etc.) regarding criteria 1 and 2 listed above.
      4. Development of a comprehensive implementation plan which includes new processes and procedures that demonstrate organizational accountability and responsibility.
   (e) The request will first be reviewed by the Director of the OSRR or designee to determine whether or not the student organization meets the criteria for review. If the Director of the OSRR or designee agrees that the student organizations request meets the above mentioned criteria, the student organization will be contacted within fourteen (14) business days to schedule a meeting with a committee appointed by the
Director of the OSRR or designee, comprised of an equal number of faculty, staff and students.

(f) At this meeting, the student organization will have the opportunity to further discuss with the committee why their organizational probation and/or suspension status should be modified. No modification shall be made to include new or increased sanctions.

(g) After the meeting, the committee will issue a recommendation to the Director of the OSRR or designee. The Director of the OSRR or designee will provide a decision to the student organization in writing within five (5) business days of receiving the recommendation.

(h) If the request is denied by the Director of the OSRR or designee the decision shall include a concise and explicit written statement that explains the basis for that decision.

(i) There is no appeal process for a Student Organizational Sanction Review.